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New Data Show Strong Income Growth, Falling Poverty, and Rising Health Insurance Coverage in Nebraska

Recent data released by the Census Bureau shows the remarkable progress that American families have made as the recovery continues to strengthen. Nationwide, real median household income grew \$2,800, or 5.2 percent in 2015, the fastest growth on record. Income grew for households across the income distribution, with the fastest growth among lower- and middle-income households. The number of people in poverty fell by 3.5 million, with the largest one-year drop in the overall poverty rate since 1968 and even larger improvements for African Americans, Hispanic Americans, and children. Furthermore, every State has seen declines in its uninsured rate since 2013 as the major coverage provisions of the Affordable Care Act have taken effect.

Solid employment growth and robust real wage growth so far in 2016 point to further growth in household incomes. To build on this progress, the President will continue to push Congress to take steps to further strengthen job creation and wage growth, including increasing investments in infrastructure, raising the Federal minimum wage, expanding the Earned Income Tax Credit for workers without dependent children, and passing the high-standards Trans-Pacific Partnership.

The Census Bureau's new data also show the significant economic progress in Nebraska in 2015. Some key findings include:

- **Real median household income grew by 4.3 percent for households in Nebraska, or the equivalent of \$2,244.**
 - The Omaha and Lincoln metro areas saw the fastest gains within the State, with typical households' incomes rising 5.9 percent and 3.6 percent, respectively.
- **From 2013 to 2015, as the major provisions of the Affordable Care Act were implemented, the uninsured rate in Nebraska fell from 11.3 percent to 8.2 percent.**
- **This progress in 2015 in part reflects the continued strengthening of the recovery, especially job creation.**
 - Since early 2010, Nebraska's economy has added 75,600 jobs, and the unemployment rate in Nebraska has fallen from a Great Recession peak of 4.8 percent to 3.2 percent as of August 2016.