5 things you should know

1. Made national progress on 9 key indicators
   - Decline in new HIV diagnoses
   - Drop in HIV death rate
   - Increases in knowledge of status, linkage to care, and viral suppression
   - Decrease in disparities in HIV diagnoses for black females
   - Increase in viral suppression among youth, people who inject drugs, and transgender women

2. Established 3 new developmental indicators
   - Increase viral suppression in transgender women
   - Increase use of PrEP
   - Reduce HIV stigma

3. Completed 76% and initiated 22% of 91 Federal actions planned for 2016
   - 48 more actions to be completed by 2018
   - 28 additional actions to be completed by 2020
   - Federal Action Plan encourages collaboration across all parts of the federal government to drive progress

4. Implementing the Strategy in communities across the nation
   - Innovative programs to strengthen and accelerate the HIV response in more than 10 cities/states
   - Tailored efforts in communities to meet the needs of key populations
   - Diverse partnerships to have an even greater impact in HIV testing and care

5. Addressing challenges to meet our 2020 goals
   - We still have work to do to reduce disparities for:
     - Gay and bisexual men
     - Southern United States
     - Homeless persons living with HIV
   - The Strategy is our roadmap. We must not let up our efforts to:
     - Increase HIV testing and linkage to care, retention in care, viral suppression, and PrEP uptake
     - Reduce stigma

Learn more about the National HIV/AIDS Strategy at aids.gov/2020.